

TRAVEL PLAN TO KOHIMA

FIND PEACE IN THE QUIET BEAUTY OF KOHIMA....



KOHIMA

Kohima is the capital city of Nagaland, India, situated in the Naga Hills at 1,444 meters. Founded as "Kewhira," it is renowned for its rich tribal culture (predominantly Angami Naga), scenic hilly landscape and its significant history as the site of a bloody 1944 World War II battle. It is often described as a vibrant, safe and modern urban center blended with traditional roots.

VISIT PLACES IN KOHIMA

- KOHIMA WAR CEMETERY
- KISAMA HERITAGE VILLAGE
- DZUKOU VALLEY
- KHONOMA VILLAGE
- MARY HELP OF CHRISTIANS CATHEDRAL
- NAGALAND STATE MUSEUM
- KOHIMA ZOO
- TOUPHEMA TOURIST VILLAGE
- JAPFU PEAK





KOHIMA WAR CEMETERY

The Kohima War Cemetery is a profoundly moving well-maintained memorial in Nagaland, India, commemorating over 1,420 Commonwealth soldiers who died in April 1944 during the Battle of Kohima against the Japanese. Located at the former Garrison Hill tennis court, it is famously inscribed with the epitaph: "When you go home, tell them of us and say, for your tomorrow, we gave our today".



KISAMA HERITAGE VILLAGE

Kisama Heritage Village, located 10 km from Kohima, Nagaland is a permanent open air museum established to preserve the cultural heritage of the state's various tribes. It is most famous as the annual venue for the vibrant "Hornbill Festival" (held December 1-10), featuring traditional tribal morungs (huts), indigenous games and the World War II Museum.



DZUKOU VALLEY

Dzüko Valley located on the Nagaland-Manipur border at 2,452 meters is a pristine trekking destination known for its emerald green, bamboo covered rolling hills, meandering streams and vibrant summer flowers. Famous for the endemic Dzüko lily, it offers a serene plastic free escape for nature lovers and adventurers.



KHONOMA VILLAGE

Khonoma located 20 km from Kohima in Nagaland is renowned as Asia's first "Green Village," established in 2005 for its commitment to conservation, sustainability and eco-tourism. Inhabited by the Angami tribe, this "warrior village" offers a glimpse into Naga history, rich culture and stunning terraced rice cultivation.



KOHIMA ZOO

The Nagaland Zoological Park (often referred to as Kohima Zoo or Kohima Zoological Park) is a prominent conservation center located near Kohima, known for its mountainous terrain, lush greenery and focus on protecting endangered Northeast Indian species, including the state bird, the Blyth's Tragopan.

NAGALAND STATE MUSEUM

Located on Bayavu Hill in Kohima and established on November 25, 1970, the Nagaland State Museum is a premier cultural repository showcasing the rich heritage of the state's 16+ tribes. It features a diverse collection of artifacts, including traditional attire, jewelry, weaponry and tribal morungs (huts).



JAPFU PEAK

Japfu Peak is the second highest peak in Nagaland, India, rising to 3,048 meters (10,000 ft) in the Kohima district. Known for its steep trekking trails through thick rhododendron forests including a record setting 100+ foot tall tree it offers panoramic views of the Barail Range and Dzukou Valley.

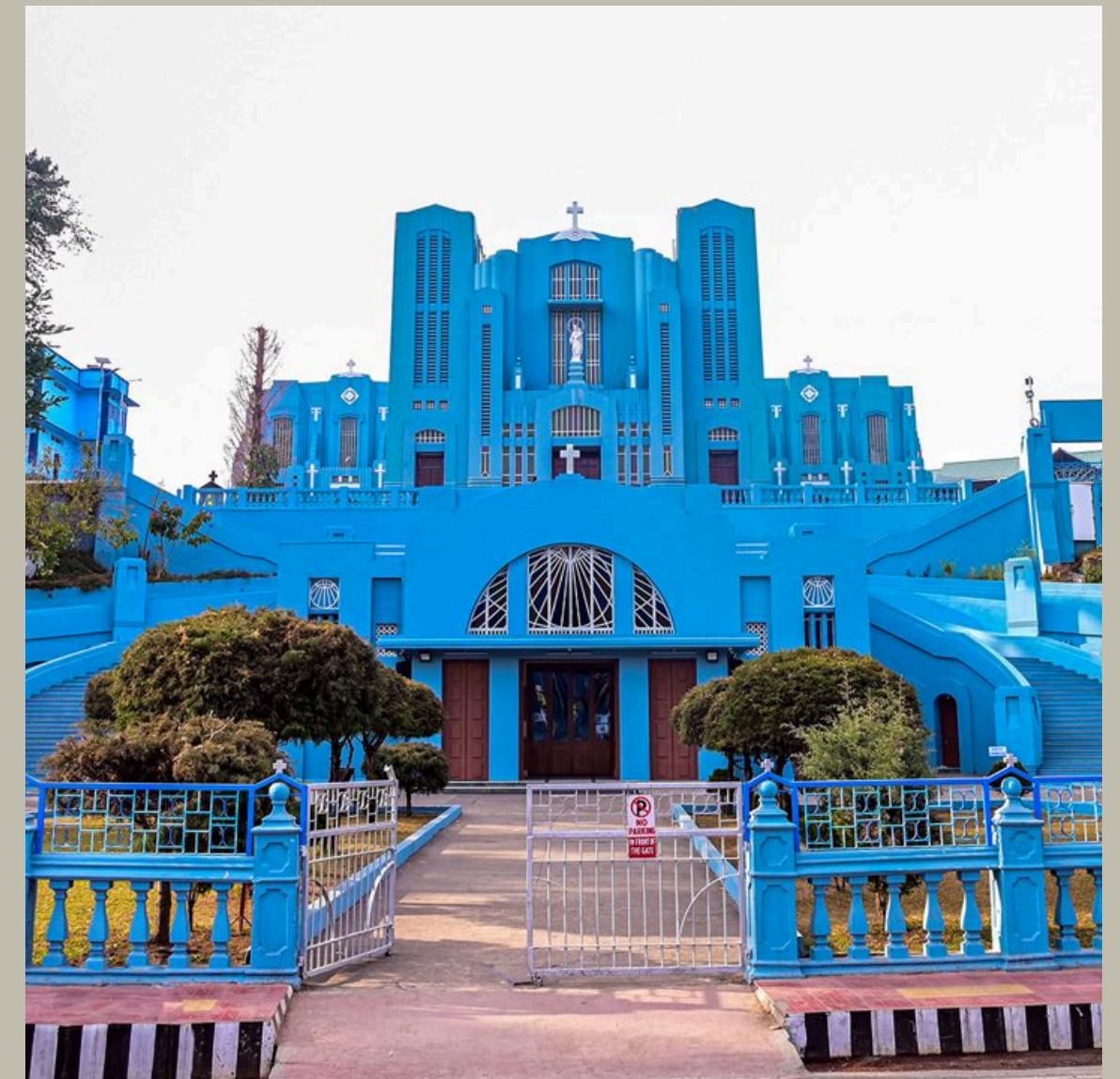


TOUPHEMA TOURIST VILLAGE

ToupHEMA Tourist Village located 40 km from Kohima in Nagaland is a heritage village designed for immersive cultural tourism. Established in 2001, it offers 12 traditional Angami style huts, authentic Naga cuisine and cultural performances, providing a detailed, first hand experience of tribal life with modern comforts.

MARY HELP OF CHRISTIANS CATHEDRAL

The Cathedral of Mary Help of Christians in Shillong, Meghalaya is a major Roman Catholic landmark and the seat of the Metropolitan Archbishop. Built in 1913, it is known as the first Catholic Cathedral in the region, featuring distinctive grey, tall and arched architecture with beautiful interior stained glass windows and high ceilings.





LEAVING KOHIMA BUT TAKING A PIECE OF PEACE WITH ME !!!!!

THANK YOU !!!!!